DENVER GATEWAY CENTER METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Denver County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INSERT INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DENVER GATEWAY CENTER METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 262,622
Cash and Investments - Restricted	4,648,853
Accounts Receivable - County Treasurer	1,886
Property Taxes Receivable	791,333
Prepaid Expenses	3,614
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	18,357,788
Total Assets	24,066,096
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	529,971
Retainage Payable	233,667
Due to County Treasurer	47,410
Accrued Interest Payable	107,363
Noncurrent Liabilities:	,
Due Within One Year	145,000
Due in More Than One Year	28,282,801
Total Liabilities	29,346,212
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	791,333
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	791,333
Total Bololica lillions of Researces	
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	4,600
Unrestricted	(6,076,049)
Total Net Position	\$ (6,071,449)

DENVER GATEWAY CENTER METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Revenues

					Program	Revenues			(Ex	penses) and Change in et Position
				rges	•	rating	Cap			
	_	_		or		ts and		s and		vernmental
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities:	<u> </u>	Expenses	Sen	/ices	<u>Contri</u>	butions	Contrib	outions		Activities
General Government Interest and Related Costs	\$	115,688	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(115,688)
on Long-Term Debt		1,697,831								(1,697,831)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,813,519	\$		\$		\$			(1,813,519)
GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Net Investment Income Total General Revenues										584,740 30,558 128,682 743,980
	CHA	ANGE IN NET	POSITION	1						(1,069,539)
	Net	Position - Beg	nning of Y	'ear						(5,001,910)
	NET	POSITION -	END OF Y	EAR					\$	(6,071,449)

DENVER GATEWAY CENTER METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	(General		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Accounts Receivable - County Treasurer Property Taxes Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$	262,622 4,600 444 156,856 3,614	\$	1,739,551 1,442 634,477	\$	2,904,702 - - -	\$	262,622 4,648,853 1,886 791,333 3,614
Total Assets	\$	428,136	\$	2,375,470	\$	2,904,702	\$	5,708,308
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Due to County Treasurer Total Liabilities	\$	17,893 - 11,162 29,055	\$	36,248 36,248	\$	512,078 233,667 - 745,745	\$	529,971 233,667 47,410 811,048
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Property Tax Revenue		156,856		634,477		_		791,333
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		156,856		634,477		-		791,333
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid Expenses Restricted for: Emergencies (TABOR) Debt Service Capital Projects Committed for: Capital Projects Assigned to: Subsequent Year's Expenditures Unassigned		3,614 4,600 - - - 9,600 224,411		- 1,704,745 - - -		- 1,710,816 448,141 -		3,614 4,600 1,704,745 1,710,816 448,141 9,600 224,411
Total Fund Balances		242,225	_	1,704,745	_	2,158,957	_	4,105,927
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net	\$	428,136	\$	2,375,470	\$	2,904,702		
position are different because:								
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds:								18,357,788
Accrued Interest on Developer Advance Developer Advances Payable Bonds Payable Accrued Interest Payable								(25,058) (90,000) (26,795,000) (1,625,106)
Net Position of Governmental Activities							\$	(6,071,449)

DENVER GATEWAY CENTER METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		General		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES	Φ.	407.074	Φ.	447.000	Φ.		Φ.	504.740
Property Taxes	\$	137,671	\$	447,069	\$	-	\$	584,740
Specific Ownership Taxes		7,195		23,363		-		30,558
Net Investment Income		6,535		38,688		83,459		128,682
Total Revenues		151,401		509,120		83,459		743,980
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Accounting		47,947		-		-		47,947
Audit		5,200		-		-		5,200
County Treasurer's Fees		1,386		4,502		-		5,888
Denver Review Fee		3,000		-		-		3,000
District Management		21,877		-		-		21,877
Dues and Subscriptions		420		-		-		420
Election Expense		2,024		-		-		2,024
Insurance and Bonds		3,583		-		-		3,583
Irrigation		522		-		-		522
Legal		14,786		-		8,148		22,934
Miscellaneous		6,795		-		-		6,795
Debt Service:								
Bond Principal - 2018A		-		20,000		-		20,000
Bond Interest - 2018A		-		1,289,450		-		1,289,450
Paying Agent Fees		-		6,000		-		6,000
Capital:								
Capital Construction		-		-		4,801,360		4,801,360
Total Expenditures		107,540		1,319,952		4,809,508		6,237,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		43,861		(810,832)		(4,726,049)		(5,493,020)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		198,364		2,515,577		6,885,006		9,598,947
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	242,225	\$	1,704,745	\$	2,158,957	\$	4,105,927

DENVER GATEWAY CENTER METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ (5,493,020)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense, the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset.

Capital Outlay 4,801,360

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., issuance of bonds, the receipt of Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction; however, has any effect on net position.

Current Year Bond Principal Payment

20,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability
Accrued Interest on Developer Advance - Change in Liability

(392,478) (5,401)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (1,069,539)

DENVER GATEWAY CENTER METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	а	Original nd Final Budget		Actual amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	Φ	454 004	Φ.	107 674	ф	(4C ECO)	
Property Taxes	\$	154,234 7,712	\$	137,671	\$	(16,563)	
Specific Ownership Taxes Net Investment Income		180		7,195 6,535		(517) 6,355	
Total Revenues		162,126		151,401		(10,725)	
Total Nevellues		102,120		131,401		(10,723)	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Accounting		28,000		47,947		(19,947)	
Audit		5,500		5,200		300	
Contingency		15,800		-		15,800	
County Treasurer's Fees		1,542		1,386		156	
Denver Review Fee		3,000		3,000		-	
District Management		20,000		21,877		(1,877)	
Dues and Subscriptions		600		420		180	
Election Expense		4,000		2,024		1,976	
Insurance and Bonds		4,000		3,583		417	
Legal		26,000		14,786		11,214	
Miscellaneous		5,000		6,795		(1,795)	
Irrigation		15,608		522		15,086	
Landscaping		21,500		-		21,500	
Drainage Maintenance		27,950		<u> </u>		27,950	
Total Expenditures		178,500		107,540		70,960	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(16,374)		43,861		60,235	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		193,119		198,364		5,245	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	176,745	\$	242,225	\$	65,480	

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

The District, a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court of the City and County of Denver (the City) on October 17, 1997 and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under the Amended and Restated Service Plan dated August 23, 2004. The District's service area is located in the City and County of Denver. The District was established to provide financing for the design, acquisition, installation, construction, and completion of public improvements and services, including water, sanitation, street, safety protection, park and recreation improvements and services.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources of the District is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources, measurement focus, and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include infrastructure (e.g., storm drainage, streets, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities' column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

It is the policy of the City to accept maintenance responsibility for all capital improvements within the City after a minimum two-year warranty period, except for certain landscaping, park and recreation, and storm drainage improvements specified in the District's Service Plan, upon the District's completion and conveyance of such improvements provided they meet the City's specifications.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 262,622
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 4,648,853
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 4,911,475

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 392,724
Investments	4,518,751
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 4,911,475

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits with Financial Institutions (Continued)

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

On December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$392,724 and a carrying balance of \$392,724.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

InvestmentMaturityAmountColorado Local Government Liquid AssetWeighted-AverageTrust (COLOTRUST PLUS +)Under 60 Days\$ 4,518,751

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022 follows:

	De	ecember 31,					De	ecember 31,
Governmental Activities		2021 Increases				eases		2022
Capital Assets, Not Being								
Depreciated:								
Construction in Progress	\$	13,556,428	\$	4,801,360	\$	-	\$	18,357,788
Capital Assets, Net	\$	13,556,428	\$	4,801,360	\$	-	\$	18,357,788

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	December 31, 2021	٨	additions	Pot	tirements	December 31, 2022	 ue Within Ine Year
	2021		dullions	Re	liternents	2022	 nie reai
Bonds Payable:							
Series 2018A - Bonds	\$ 23,105,000	\$	-	\$	20,000	\$ 23,085,000	\$ 145,000
Series 2018B - Bonds							
Principal	3,710,000		-		-	3,710,000	-
Unpaid Interest	1,125,174		392,569		-	1,517,743	-
Other:							
Developer Advances:							
Principal - Operating	90,000		-		-	90,000	-
Interest - Operating	19,657		5,401		<u> </u>	25,058	
Total Debt	\$ 28,049,831	\$	397,970	\$	20,000	\$ 28,427,801	\$ 145,000

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018A (2018A Senior Bonds) and Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018B (2018B Subordinate Bonds, and together with the 2018A Senior Bonds, the Bonds) dated July 3, 2018 Bond Details

The District issued the Bonds on July 3, 2018, in the par amounts of \$23,115,000 for the 2018A Senior Bonds and \$3,710,000 for the 2018B Subordinate Bonds. Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds were applied to fund and reimburse a portion of the costs of acquiring, constructing, and installing certain public improvements and to pay the costs of issuance of the Bonds. Proceeds of the 2018A Senior Bonds were also applied to pay and cancel the District's Series 2016 Loan, fund the Senior Reserve Fund, and fund capitalized interest.

The 2018A Senior Bonds were issued as two term bonds bearing interest at 5.50% and 5.625%, respectively, payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on December 1, 2018. The first term bond has annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2020, and matures on December 1, 2038. The second term bond has annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2039, and matures on December 1, 2048. To the extent the 2018A Senior Bonds are not paid when due, the unpaid principal will continue to bear interest and the unpaid interest will compound semiannually on each June 1 and December 1 until the total repayment obligation of the District for the 2018A Senior Bonds equals the amount permitted by law and its electoral authorization.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018A (2018A Senior Bonds) and Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018B (2018B Subordinate Bonds, and together with the 2018A Senior Bonds, the Bonds) dated July 3, 2018 (Continued)

Bond Details (Continued)

The 2018B Subordinate Bonds were issued at the rate of 7.875% per annum and are payable annually on December 15, beginning December 15, 2018, from, and to the extent of, Subordinate Pledged Revenue available, if any, and mature on December 15, 2048. The 2018B Subordinate Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal prior to the final maturity date. Unpaid interest on the 2018B Subordinate Bonds compounds annually on each December 15. In the event that the Subordinate Pledged Revenue is insufficient to pay the 2018B Subordinate Bonds, the unpaid principal will remain outstanding until the Termination Date of December 16, 2058 and will continue to bear interest and the unpaid interest will compound annually until the total repayment obligation of the District for the 2018B Subordinate Bonds equals the amount permitted by law and its electoral authorization. In the event any amount due and owing on the 2018B Subordinate Bonds remains outstanding on the Termination Date, such amount shall be deemed discharged and no longer be due and outstanding.

Optional Redemption

The 2018A Senior Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 1, 2023, and on any date thereafter, at a redemption price of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

<u>Date of Redemption</u>	Redemption Premium
December 1, 2023, to November 30, 2024	3.00%
December 1, 2024, to November 30, 2025	2.00
December 1, 2025, to November 30, 2026	1.00
December 1, 2026, and Thereafter	0.00

The 2018B Subordinate Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 15, 2023, and on any date thereafter, at a redemption price of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of Redemption	Redemption Premium
December 15, 2023, to December 14, 2024	3.00%
December 15, 2024, to December 14, 2025	2.00
December 15, 2025, to December 14, 2026	1.00
December 15, 2026, and thereafter	0.00

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018A (2018A Senior Bonds) and Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018B (2018B Subordinate Bonds, and together with the 2018A Senior Bonds, the Bonds) dated July 3, 2018 (Continued)

Security

The 2018A Senior Bonds are secured by and payable solely from Senior Pledged Revenue, net of any costs of collection, which includes (i) property taxes generated by the imposition of the Senior Required Mill Levy; (ii) the Capital Fees, if any; (iii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Senior Required Mill Levy; (iv) all PILOT Revenue, if any; and (v) any other legally available moneys that the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Senior Pledged Revenue.

The 2018A Senior Bonds are also secured by amounts on deposit in the Senior Reserve Fund, which was funded from proceeds of the 2018A Senior Bonds in the amount of the Required Reserve of \$1,906,375, and by the Senior Surplus Fund, which will be funded from Senior Pledged Revenue that is not needed to pay debt service on the 2018A Senior Bonds in any year, up to the Maximum Surplus Amount of \$2,311,500. The Senior Surplus Fund is to be maintained as long as any 2018A Senior Bonds remain outstanding. When no 2018A Senior Bonds are outstanding, any moneys in the Senior Surplus Fund are required to be remitted to the District for application to any lawful purpose of the District.

As of December 31, 2022, the balance in the Senior Reserve Fund was \$1,735,926 and the balance in the Senior Surplus Fund was \$93.

The 2018B Subordinate Bonds are secured by and payable from Subordinate Pledged Revenue, net of any costs of collection, which includes (i) property taxes generated by the imposition of the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; (ii) Subordinate Capital Fees, if any; (iii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; (iv) all Subordinate PILOT Revenue, if any; and (v) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Subordinate Pledged Revenue.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018A (2018A Senior Bonds) and Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018B (2018B Subordinate Bonds, and together with the 2018A Senior Bonds, the Bonds) dated July 3, 2018 (Continued)

Required Mill Levy

Pursuant to the Senior Indenture, the District has covenanted to impose a Senior Required Mill Levy in an amount sufficient to generate revenues, when combined with Senior Pledged Revenue on deposit in the Senior Bond Fund (not including the Senior Reserve Fund or the Senior Surplus Fund) and any Senior PILOT Revenue, to pay the 2018A Senior Bonds and to fund the Senior Reserve Fund up to the Required Reserve, but not in excess of 50 mills (subject to adjustment) less the Operations Deduction, and, at any time the Senor Surplus Fund is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount, not less than 50 mills (subject to adjustment) less the Operations Deduction, or such lesser mill levy which, when combined with the Senior Pledged Revenue on deposit in the Senior Bond Fund and any Senior PILOT Revenue related to such mill levy, will permit the District to fully fund the Senior Bond Fund for the next Bond Year and pay the 2018A Senior Bonds, to fund the Senior Reserve Fund up to the Required Reserve, and to fund the Senior Surplus Fund up to the Maximum Surplus Amount. If, on or after August 23, 2004, there are changes in the ratio of actual valuation to assessed valuation, then the minimum and maximum mill levies shall be increased or decreased to offset such changes.

The District's Service Plan limits the District's imposition of ad valorem taxes for all purposes (debt service and operations) to 50 mills (subject to adjustment). Both the Senior Indenture and the Subordinate Indenture contemplate that the debt service mill levy imposed will be reduced by the operations mill levy. The Operations Deduction is the mill levy imposed each year in an amount sufficient, when combined with the Specific Ownership Tax related to such mill levy, to generate revenues in an amount up to: (a) for collection year 2019, \$152,500; and (b) for each fiscal year thereafter, an amount up to (i) the maximum Operations Deduction for the prior year, plus (ii) 1.7% of the maximum Operations Deduction for the prior fiscal year.

Pursuant to the Subordinate Indenture, the District has covenanted to impose a Subordinate Required Mill Levy each year in the amount of (i) 50 mills (subject to adjustment) less the amount of the Senior Bond Mill Levy (which means the mill levy required to be imposed in connection with any Senior Bonds) and the Operations Deduction; or (ii) such lesser mill levy which, after the deduction of the Senior Bond Mill Levy and the Operations Deduction, and when combined with other Subordinate Pledged Revenue available in the Subordinate Bond Fund and any Subordinate PILOT Revenue expected to be received with respect to such mill levy, will permit the District to fully fund the Subordinate Bond Fund for the next Bond Year and pay all of the principal of and interest on the 2018B Subordinate Bonds in full. As a result, the Subordinate Required Mill Levy will equal zero until such time as the Senior Bond Mill Levy together with the Operations Deduction equals less than 50 mills (subject to adjustment).

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018A (2018A Senior Bonds) and Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018B (2018B Subordinate Bonds, and together with the 2018A Senior Bonds, the Bonds) dated July 3, 2018 (Continued)

Restricted Project Funds

Proceeds of \$2,318,000 from the sale of the 2018A Senior Bonds have been deposited to the Restricted Account of the Senior Project Fund and proceeds of \$975,000 from the sale of the 2018B Subordinate Bonds have been deposited to the Restricted Account of the Subordinate Project Fund. Such Restricted Accounts will only be available for acquisition of public improvements if released from the applicable Restricted Account in accordance with the Senior Indenture and Subordinate Indenture, as applicable. If any amounts on deposit in such Restricted Accounts are not released by the date specified in the applicable Indenture, then such amounts are to be applied to debt service on the bonds through a mandatory excess proceeds redemption.

Annual principal and interest payments required to retire long-term debt are as follows:

	E			
Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Interest	 Total
2023	\$ 145,0	\$	1,288,350	\$ 1,433,350
2024	275,0	000	1,280,375	1,555,375
2025	285,0	000	1,265,250	1,550,250
2026	335,0	000	1,249,575	1,584,575
2027	350,0	000	1,231,150	1,581,150
2028-2032	2,365,0	000	5,821,900	8,186,900
2033-2037	3,510,0	000	5,052,450	8,562,450
2038-2042	5,065,0	000	3,918,963	8,983,963
2043-2047	7,110,0	000	2,278,407	9,388,407
2048	3,645,0	000_	205,031	 3,850,031
Total	\$ 23,085,0	000 \$	23,591,451	\$ 46,676,451

Events of Default of the Senior and Subordinate Bonds

Events of default occur if the District fails to impose the Required Mill Levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenues as required by the Senior and Subordinate Indenture and does not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Senior and Subordinate Indenture. Acceleration of the Bonds shall not be an available remedy for an Event of Default.

Authorized Debt

On November 3, 1998, the District's electorate authorized total indebtedness of \$12,650,000 for the above listed facilities. The election also approved an annual increase in property taxes of \$100,000, at a rate not to exceed 30 mills, to pay the District's operation and maintenance costs.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt (Continued)

On November 2, 2004, the District's electorate authorized total indebtedness of \$103,750,000 for infrastructure improvements at an interest rate not to exceed 18% and \$20,750,000 for refunding the District's debt or other obligations. The election also approved an annual increase in property taxes of \$500,000, at a rate not to exceed 50 mills, to pay the District's operation and maintenance costs.

On November 8, 2016, the District's electorate authorized total indebtedness of \$185,000,000 for infrastructure improvements at an interest rate not to exceed 18% and \$120,000,000 for refunding the District's debt or other obligations. The election also approved an annual increase in property taxes of \$500,000, at a rate not to exceed 50 mills, to pay the District's operation and maintenance costs.

		Amount Authorized	Authoriz	zation U	lsed	F	Remaining at	
	1	November 3, 2004*	2016 2018 Loan A&B Bonds			D	December 31, 2020*	
Streets	\$	20,750,000	\$ 1,200,000	\$	12,888,938	\$	6,661,062	
Water		20,750,000	528,000		3,854,895		16,367,105	
Sewer		20,750,000	672,000		1,606,167		18,471,833	
Parks and Recreation		20,750,000	-		-		20,750,000	
Traffic Safety		20,750,000	-		-		20,750,000	
Refunding		20,750,000	-		1,086,413		19,663,587	
Total	\$	124,500,000	\$ 2,400,000	\$	19,436,413	\$	102,663,587	

^{*} Notwithstanding the amounts voted in each category, the 2004 election only permits a total of \$20,750,000 in debt to be issued for all improvements (exclusive of debt issued for refunding purposes).

		Amount	Α	uthorization	_	
		Authorized		Used	F	Remaining at
	N	lovember 8,		2018	D	ecember 31,
		2016		A&B Bonds		2020*
Streets	\$	30,000,000	\$	-	\$	30,000,000
Water		30,000,000		-		30,000,000
Sewer		30,000,000		3,572,981		26,427,019
Parks and Recreation		30,000,000		3,815,606		26,184,394
Traffic Safety		30,000,000		-		30,000,000
Public Transportation		30,000,000		-		30,000,000
Security Services		5,000,000		-		5,000,000
Refunding		120,000,000				120,000,000
Total	\$	305,000,000	\$	7,388,587	\$	297,611,413

Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Service Plan dated August 23, 2004, the District can issue bond indebtedness of up to \$20,750,000. In addition, the maximum total mill levy for the District is 50 mills, as adjusted for changes in the ratio of actual value to assessed value property within the District.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

<u>Authorized Debt (Continued)</u>

In 2018, the City approved an increase in the Maximum Debt Limit from \$20,750,000 to \$40.000,000.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area within the limitations of the District's Service Plan.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted net position.

The restricted component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2022, as follows:

Restricted Net Position:

TABOR Reserve	\$ 4,600
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 4,600

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. The deficit was a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements which were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

The Developers of the property which constitutes the District are Gateway Center Joint Venture, a Colorado General Partnership, 64th and Tower LLC, a Colorado limited liability company and BBF Gateway LLC, a Colorado limited liability company. All four members of the Board of Directors are officers, employees, or associated with the Developers and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS AND COMMITMENTS

Advance and Reimbursement Agreements

Operations Funding - Denver Gateway Center Joint Venture

On December 13, 2016, the District entered into an Advance and Reimbursement Agreement with Denver Gateway Center Joint Venture (DGCJV) to repay advances made by DGCJV for operations and maintenance (O&M) costs. The District agreed to repay DGCJV for such O&M advances plus accrued interest at the rate of 6% per annum. At December 31, 2022, outstanding DGCJV advances were \$90,000 with accrued interest of \$25,058.

Operations Funding – 64th and Tower

On November 13, 2019, the District entered into an Advance and Reimbursement Agreement to repay advances made by 64th and Tower LLC (64th and Tower) for operations and maintenance (O&M) costs. The District agrees to repay 64th and Tower for such O&M advances plus simple interest accrued at the rate of 7% per annum. At December 31, 2022, there were no outstanding advances under this agreement.

Capital Facilities - 64th & Tower

On November 13, 2019, the District entered into an Advance and Reimbursement Agreement to repay advances and/or costs incurred by 64th and Tower LLC (64th and Tower) for certain verified capital improvement costs. The District agrees to repay 64th and Tower for such capital improvement advances plus simple interest accruing at the rate of 7% per annum from the date the cost is incurred by 64th and Tower. Advance payments will be applied first against accrued and unpaid interest and them to the principal amount due. At December 31, 2022, there were no outstanding advances under this agreement.

Operations Funding – BBF Gateway

On November 13, 2019, the District entered into an Advance and Reimbursement Agreement to repay advances made by BBF Gateway LLC (BBF) for operations and maintenance (O&M) costs. The District agrees to repay BBF for such O&M advances plus simple interest accrued at the rate of 7% per annum. At December 31, 2022, there were no outstanding advances under this agreement.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS AN COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Advance and Reimbursement Agreements (Continued)

Capital Facilities - BBF Gateway

On November 13, 2019, the District entered into an Advance and Reimbursement Agreement to repay advances and /or costs incurred by BBF Gateway LLC (BBF) for certain verified capital improvement costs. The District agrees to repay BBF for such capital improvement advances plus simple interest accruing at the rate of 7% per annum from the date the cost is incurred BBF. Advance payments will be applied first against accrued and unpaid interest and them to the principal amount due. At December 31, 2022, there were no outstanding advances under this agreement.

Intergovernmental Advance and Reimbursement Agreement

In October 2020, the District entered into the Intergovernmental Advance and Reimbursement Agreement (IGA) with Denver Gateway Meadows Metropolitan District (Meadows) to repay advances made by the District for operating and capital infrastructure costs. Meadows agreed to repay the District for such advances plus accrued interest at the rate of 6% up to the date of the IGA and 3% after the date of the IGA. In the event Meadows has not fully paid or reimbursed the District for any advances with interest prior to January 1, 2035, any outstanding amount shall be deemed to be forever released, discharged, forgiven, and satisfied in full. As of December 31, 2022 outstanding operating advances under the agreement totaled \$108,587 and accrued interest totaled \$21,497; outstanding capital advances totaled \$37,637 and accrued interest totaled \$8,943.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 3, 2004, the District's voters authorized the District to increase property taxes \$500,000 annually, without limitation of rate and without regard to any spending, revenue raising or other limitations contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitutions (TABOR) or Section 29-1-301, C.R.S., to pay the District's operations, maintenance and other expenses. Additionally, the District's electors authorized the District to collect, spend or retain all revenue without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

On November 8, 2016, the District's voters authorized the District to increase property taxes \$500,000 annually, without limitation of rate and without regard to any spending, revenue raising or other limitations contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitutions (TABOR) or Section 29-1-301, C.R.S., to pay the District's operations, maintenance and other expenses. Additionally, the District's electors authorized the District to collect, spend, or retain all revenue without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

NOTE 11 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Construction Commitments

As of December 31, 2022, the District had unexpended construction related contract commitments of approximately \$488,141.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DENVER GATEWAY CENTER METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	а	Original nd Final Budget	 Actual Amounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES			_		
Property Taxes	\$	500,854	\$ 447,069	\$	(53,785)
Specific Ownership Tax		25,043	23,363		(1,680)
Net Investment Income		1,090	 38,688		37,598
Total Revenues		526,987	 509,120		(17,867)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Bond Principal - Series 2018A		20,000	20,000		-
Bond Interest - Series 2018A		1,289,450	1,289,450		-
County Treasurer's Fees		5,104	4,502		602
Paying Agent Fees		6,000	6,000		-
Contingency		45,446	 		45,446
Total Expenditures		1,366,000	1,319,952		46,048
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(839,013)	(810,832)		28,181
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		2,508,501	 2,515,577		7,076
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,669,488	\$ 1,704,745	\$	35,257

DENVER GATEWAY CENTER METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Net Investment Income	\$ 3,500	\$ 83,459	\$ 79,959
Total Revenues	3,500	83,459	79,959
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Accounting	15,000	-	15,000
District Management	30,000	-	30,000
Legal	15,000	8,148	6,852
Engineering	85,000	9,855	75,145
Consulting	75,000	3,532	71,468
Streetscape	300,000	-	300,000
Capital Construction	6,000,000	4,787,973	1,212,027
Contingency	280,000		280,000
Total Expenditures	6,800,000	4,809,508	1,990,492
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(6,796,500)	(4,726,049)	2,070,451
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	8,095,790	6,885,006	(1,210,784)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,299,290	\$ 2,158,957	\$ 859,667

DENVER GATEWAY CENTER METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2022

\$23,115,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds - Series 2018A Interest Rate - 5.500%-5.625% Dated July 3, 2018 Principal Payable December 1

Interest Pay	able, Jun	e 1 and De	ecember 1

Year Ending December 31, Principal Interest Total 2023 \$ 145,000 \$ 1,288,350 \$ 1,433,350 2024 275,000 1,280,375 1,555,375 2025 285,000 1,265,250 1,550,250 2026 335,000 1,249,575 1,584,575 2027 350,000 1,231,150 1,581,150 2028 400,000 1,211,900 1,611,900 2029 420,000 1,189,900 1,609,900 2030 480,000 1,166,800 1,640,400 2031 500,000 1,112,900 1,677,900 2032 565,000 1,112,900 1,677,900 2033 590,000 1,081,825 1,671,825 2034 660,000 1,049,375 1,709,375 2035 690,000 1,013,075 1,703,075 2036 765,000 975,125 1,740,125 2037 805,000 933,050 1,738,050 2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 <th></th> <th> Interest Pa</th> <th>ayable</th> <th>, June 1 and D</th> <th>ecer)</th> <th colspan="2">ember 1</th>		 Interest Pa	ayable	, June 1 and D	ecer)	ember 1	
2024 275,000 1,280,375 1,555,375 2025 285,000 1,265,250 1,550,250 2026 335,000 1,249,575 1,584,575 2027 350,000 1,231,150 1,581,150 2028 400,000 1,211,900 1,611,900 2029 420,000 1,189,900 1,609,900 2030 480,000 1,166,800 1,646,800 2031 500,000 1,140,400 1,640,400 2032 565,000 1,112,900 1,677,900 2033 590,000 1,081,825 1,671,825 2034 660,000 1,049,375 1,709,375 2035 690,000 1,013,075 1,703,075 2036 765,000 975,125 1,740,125 2037 805,000 933,050 1,738,050 2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063	Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2024 275,000 1,280,375 1,555,375 2025 285,000 1,265,250 1,550,250 2026 335,000 1,249,575 1,584,575 2027 350,000 1,231,150 1,581,150 2028 400,000 1,211,900 1,611,900 2029 420,000 1,189,900 1,609,900 2030 480,000 1,166,800 1,646,800 2031 500,000 1,140,400 1,640,400 2032 565,000 1,112,900 1,677,900 2033 590,000 1,081,825 1,671,825 2034 660,000 1,049,375 1,709,375 2035 690,000 1,013,075 1,703,075 2036 765,000 975,125 1,740,125 2037 805,000 933,050 1,738,050 2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063		 <u> </u>					
2025 285,000 1,265,250 1,550,250 2026 335,000 1,249,575 1,584,575 2027 350,000 1,231,150 1,581,150 2028 400,000 1,211,900 1,611,900 2029 420,000 1,189,900 1,609,900 2030 480,000 1,166,800 1,646,800 2031 500,000 1,140,400 1,640,400 2032 565,000 1,112,900 1,677,900 2033 590,000 1,081,825 1,671,825 2034 660,000 1,049,375 1,709,375 2035 690,000 1,013,075 1,703,075 2036 765,000 975,125 1,740,125 2037 805,000 933,050 1,738,050 2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063 2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969	2023	\$ 145,000	\$	1,288,350	\$	1,433,350	
2026 335,000 1,249,575 1,584,575 2027 350,000 1,231,150 1,581,150 2028 400,000 1,211,900 1,611,900 2029 420,000 1,189,900 1,609,900 2030 480,000 1,166,800 1,646,800 2031 500,000 1,140,400 1,640,400 2032 565,000 1,112,900 1,677,900 2033 590,000 1,081,825 1,671,825 2034 660,000 1,049,375 1,709,375 2035 690,000 1,013,075 1,703,075 2036 765,000 975,125 1,740,125 2037 805,000 933,050 1,738,050 2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063 2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969 2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 <td>2024</td> <td>275,000</td> <td></td> <td>1,280,375</td> <td></td> <td>1,555,375</td>	2024	275,000		1,280,375		1,555,375	
2027 350,000 1,231,150 1,581,150 2028 400,000 1,211,900 1,611,900 2029 420,000 1,189,900 1,609,900 2030 480,000 1,166,800 1,646,800 2031 500,000 1,140,400 1,640,400 2032 565,000 1,112,900 1,677,900 2033 590,000 1,081,825 1,671,825 2034 660,000 1,049,375 1,709,375 2035 690,000 1,013,075 1,703,075 2036 765,000 975,125 1,740,125 2037 805,000 933,050 1,738,050 2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063 2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969 2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,688	2025	285,000		1,265,250		1,550,250	
2028 400,000 1,211,900 1,611,900 2029 420,000 1,189,900 1,609,900 2030 480,000 1,166,800 1,646,800 2031 500,000 1,140,400 1,640,400 2032 565,000 1,112,900 1,677,900 2033 590,000 1,081,825 1,671,825 2034 660,000 1,049,375 1,709,375 2035 690,000 1,013,075 1,703,075 2036 765,000 975,125 1,740,125 2037 805,000 933,050 1,738,050 2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063 2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969 2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,688	2026	335,000		1,249,575		1,584,575	
2029 420,000 1,189,900 1,609,900 2030 480,000 1,166,800 1,646,800 2031 500,000 1,140,400 1,640,400 2032 565,000 1,112,900 1,677,900 2033 590,000 1,081,825 1,671,825 2034 660,000 1,049,375 1,709,375 2035 690,000 1,013,075 1,703,075 2036 765,000 975,125 1,740,125 2037 805,000 933,050 1,738,050 2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063 2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969 2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,688	2027	350,000		1,231,150		1,581,150	
2030 480,000 1,166,800 1,646,800 2031 500,000 1,140,400 1,640,400 2032 565,000 1,112,900 1,677,900 2033 590,000 1,081,825 1,671,825 2034 660,000 1,049,375 1,709,375 2035 690,000 1,013,075 1,703,075 2036 765,000 975,125 1,740,125 2037 805,000 933,050 1,738,050 2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063 2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969 2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,781 2045 1,410,000 460,688 1,870,688	2028	400,000		1,211,900		1,611,900	
2031 500,000 1,140,400 1,640,400 2032 565,000 1,112,900 1,677,900 2033 590,000 1,081,825 1,671,825 2034 660,000 1,049,375 1,709,375 2035 690,000 1,013,075 1,733,075 2036 765,000 975,125 1,740,125 2037 805,000 933,050 1,738,050 2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063 2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969 2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,781 2045 1,410,000 460,688 1,870,688	2029	420,000		1,189,900		1,609,900	
2032 565,000 1,112,900 1,677,900 2033 590,000 1,081,825 1,671,825 2034 660,000 1,049,375 1,709,375 2035 690,000 1,013,075 1,703,075 2036 765,000 975,125 1,740,125 2037 805,000 933,050 1,738,050 2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063 2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969 2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,781 2045 1,410,000 460,688 1,870,688	2030	480,000		1,166,800		1,646,800	
2033 590,000 1,081,825 1,671,825 2034 660,000 1,049,375 1,709,375 2035 690,000 1,013,075 1,703,075 2036 765,000 975,125 1,740,125 2037 805,000 933,050 1,738,050 2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063 2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969 2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,781 2045 1,410,000 460,688 1,870,688	2031	500,000		1,140,400		1,640,400	
2034 660,000 1,049,375 1,709,375 2035 690,000 1,013,075 1,703,075 2036 765,000 975,125 1,740,125 2037 805,000 933,050 1,738,050 2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063 2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969 2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,781 2045 1,410,000 460,688 1,870,688	2032	565,000		1,112,900		1,677,900	
2035 690,000 1,013,075 1,703,075 2036 765,000 975,125 1,740,125 2037 805,000 933,050 1,738,050 2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063 2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969 2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,781 2045 1,410,000 460,688 1,870,688	2033	590,000		1,081,825		1,671,825	
2036 765,000 975,125 1,740,125 2037 805,000 933,050 1,738,050 2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063 2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969 2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,781 2045 1,410,000 460,688 1,870,688	2034	660,000		1,049,375		1,709,375	
2037 805,000 933,050 1,738,050 2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063 2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969 2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,781 2045 1,410,000 460,688 1,870,688	2035	690,000		1,013,075		1,703,075	
2038 880,000 888,775 1,768,775 2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063 2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969 2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,781 2045 1,410,000 460,688 1,870,688	2036	765,000		975,125		1,740,125	
2039 930,000 840,375 1,770,375 2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063 2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969 2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,781 2045 1,410,000 460,688 1,870,688	2037	805,000		933,050		1,738,050	
2040 1,015,000 788,063 1,803,063 2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969 2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,781 2045 1,410,000 460,688 1,870,688	2038	880,000		888,775		1,768,775	
2041 1,070,000 730,969 1,800,969 2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,781 2045 1,410,000 460,688 1,870,688	2039	930,000		840,375		1,770,375	
2042 1,170,000 670,781 1,840,781 2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,781 2045 1,410,000 460,688 1,870,688	2040	1,015,000		788,063		1,803,063	
2043 1,230,000 604,969 1,834,969 2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,781 2045 1,410,000 460,688 1,870,688	2041	1,070,000		730,969		1,800,969	
2044 1,335,000 535,781 1,870,781 2045 1,410,000 460,688 1,870,688	2042	1,170,000		670,781		1,840,781	
2045 1,410,000 460,688 1,870,688	2043	1,230,000		604,969		1,834,969	
	2044	1,335,000		535,781		1,870,781	
2046 1,525,000 381,375 1,906,375	2045	1,410,000		460,688		1,870,688	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2046	1,525,000		381,375		1,906,375	
2047 1,610,000 295,594 1,905,594	2047	1,610,000		295,594		1,905,594	
2048 3,645,000 205,031 3,850,031	2048	 3,645,000		205,031		3,850,031	
Total \$ 23,085,000 \$ 23,591,451 \$ 46,676,451	Total	\$ 23,085,000	\$	23,591,451	\$	46,676,451	

DENVER GATEWAY CENTER METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Prior ear Assessed 'aluation for	Mills Le	evied	Total				Percent
Year Ended	С	urrent Year		Debt	Mills	 Total Prop	erty	Taxes	Collected
December 31,		Tax Levy	General	Service	Levied	Levied		Collected	to Levied
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	\$	6,238,090 6,154,880 8,605,740 9,980,850 13,101,750	6.000 23.597 16.876 15.195 11.772	44.000 26.403 33.124 34.805 38.228	50.000 50.000 50.000 50.000 50.000	\$ 311,905 307,744 430,287 499,042 655,088	\$	309,757 307,744 424,189 504,057 584,740	99.31 % 100.00 98.58 101.00 89.26
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31, 2023	\$	14,968,650	10.479	42.387	52.866	\$ 791,333			

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

DENVER GATEWAY CENTER METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OBLIGATION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

History of Assessed Valuations and Mill Levies

	_		Mill Levy	
Levy/Collection	Assessed		Debt	_
<u>Year</u>	 Value	General	Service	Total
2017/2018	\$ 6,238,090	6.000	44.000	50.000
2018/2019	6,154,880	23.597	26.403	50.000
2019/2020	8,605,740	16.876	33.124	50.000
2020/2021	9,980,850	15.195	34.805	50.000
2021/2022	13,101,750	11.772	38.228	50.000
2022/2023	14,968,650	10.479	42.387	52.866

2022 Assessed and "Actual" Valuation of Classes of Property in the District

		Percent of		Percent of
	Assessed	Assessed	"Actual"	Actual
Class	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation
Commercial	\$ 2,105,140	14.06 %	\$ 7,269,100	6.60 %
Residential - Multi-Family	5,031,520	33.61	73,993,000	67.20
Agricultural	5,191,110	34.68	19,732,100	17.92
State Assessed	304,100	2.03	1,048,500	0.95
Vacant Land	1,944,760	12.99	6,707,900	6.09
Personal Property	392,020	2.63	1,351,836	1.24
Total	\$ 14,968,650	100.00 %	\$ 110,102,436	100.00 %

Historical Property Tax Collections of the District

Levy/Collection <u>Year</u>	Tax	Total Taxes Levied		Total es Collected	Percent of Taxes Collected
2017/2018	\$	311,905	\$	309,757	9931.13%
2018/2019		307,744		307,744	100.00
2019/2020		430,287		424,189	98.58
2020/2021		499,042		504,057	101.00
2021/2022		655,088		584,740	89.26
2022/2023		791,333		N/A	N/A

2022 Mill Levies Affecting Properties within the District

2022 Mill Levy
26.946
51.579
1.000
16.000
95.525
52.866
148.391

DENVER GATEWAY CENTER METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OBLIGATION (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Largest Taxpayers in the District for 2022

	2022		Percent of
		Assessed	Total Assessed
<u>Taxpayer Name</u>		Valuation	Valuation
Camber Ivy Owner LLC	\$	4,292,980	28.68 %
Terrapin Tower Road LLC		2,845,980	19.01
Argonne SP LLC		1,839,150	12.29
Alpine Hospitality INC		1,279,770	8.55
DIA Hospitality LLC		1,065,020	7.12
Echelon Gateway LLC		738,540	4.93
Airport Hotel LLC		429,490	2.87
DIA Investments LLC		427,030	2.85
DHIC-Gateway LLC		342,690	2.29
Public Service CO of Colorado (Excel)		283,200	1.89
Total	\$	13,543,850	90.48 %